# LM16032DFC-0B

LCD Module User Manual

Shenzhen Topway Technology Co., Ltd.

Rev.	Descriptions	Release Date
0.1	Preliminary New release	2004-11-15

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# 1. Basic Specifications

# **Display Specifications**

1) LCD Display Mode : STN, Negative, Transflective : Display Data = "1" : Light Gray (\*1) 2) Display Color : Display Data = "0" : Deep Blue (\*2)

: 6 H 3) Viewing Angle

4) Driving Method : 1/33 duty, 1/5bias 5) Back Light : White LED backlight

### Note:

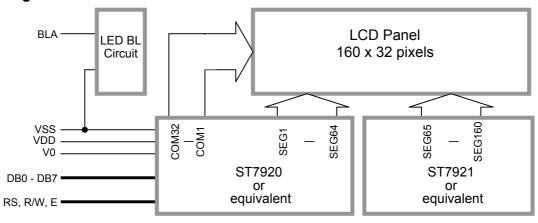
\*1. Color tone may slightly change by Temperature and Driving Condition \*2. The Color is defined as the inactive / background color

#### 1.2 **Mechanical Specifications**

1) Outline Dimension : 116.0 x 35.0 x 14.0MAX

(see attached Outline Drawing for details)

#### 1.3 **Block Diagram**



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# 1.4 Terminal Functions

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Descriptions
1	VSS	Power	Negative Power Supply, Ground (0V)
2	VDD	Power	Positive Power Supply
3	V0	Power	Power Supply for LCD Driving
4	RS	Input	Register Select
			RS=H; data read or write
			RS=L; Instruction data write or status busy flag read
	R/W	Input	Read write control
5			R/W=H; data or status read
			R/W=L; data or command write
6	Е	Input	E=Enable trigger
7	DB0	I/O	Three state I/O terminal for display data or instruction data
:	:	:	In 4 bit mode, DB3~DB0 could leave open or pull-up
14	DB7	I/O	111 4 bit filode, DB3~DB0 could leave open of pull-up
15	BLA	Power	Positive Power for LED backlight
16	NC	-	No Connection should leave open



# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Items	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-0.3	5.5	<b>V</b>	$V_{SS} = 0V$
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V	$V_{SS} = 0V$
LCD Driving Voltage	$V_{EE}$	-0.3	7.0	V	$V_{SS} = 0V$
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	50	°C	No Condensation
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-10	60	°C	No Condensation

Cautions:

Any Stresses exceeding the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

# 3. Electrical Characteristics

## 3.1 DC Characteristics

 $V_{SS}$ =0V,  $V_{DD}$  =5.0V,  $T_{OP}$  =25°C

Items	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Applicable Pin
Operating Voltage	$V_{DD}$	4.8	5.0	5.2	V	VDD
LCD Driving Voltage	$V_0$	-	4.5	1	V	V0
Input High Voltage	$V_{\rm IH1}$	$0.8V_{DD}$	ı	$V_{DD}$	V	RS, R/W, E, DB0-DB7
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL1}$	$V_{SS}$	ı	0.4	V	K3, K/W, E, DB0-DB1
Output High Voltage	$V_{OH1}$	$0.7V_{DD}$	ı	$V_{DD}$	V	DB0-DB7 ( $I_{OH} = -0.1 \text{mA}$ )
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL1}$	$V_{SS}$	ı	0.6	V	DB0-DB7 ( $I_{OL} = 0.1 \text{mA}$ )
Operating Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	-	1.9	5.0	mΑ	VDD, VSS

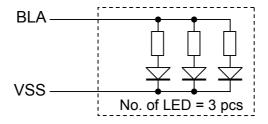
# 3.2 LED Backlight Circuit Characteristics

 $V_{SS}$ =0V,  $If_{BLA}$ =60mA,  $T_{OP}$  =25°C

Items	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Applicable Pin
Forward Voltage	$Vf_{BLA}$	-	5.0	-	V	BLA
Forward Current	If <sub>BLA</sub>	-	-	75	mA	BLA

Cautions:

Exceeding the recommended driving current could cause substantial damage to the backlight and shorten its lifetime.

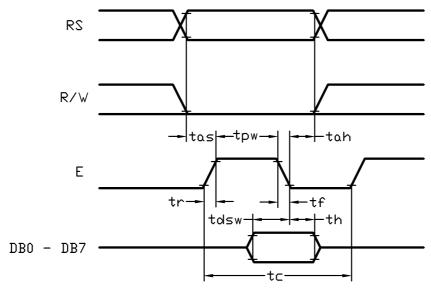


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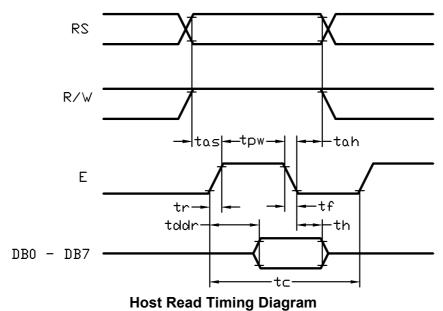
#### **AC Characteristics** 3.3

$V_{SS}=0V$ ,	$V_{DD}$	=5V.	Top	=25°	С
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Item	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
E cycle time	tc	1500	-	-	ns
E high level width	tpw	175	-	-	ns
E rise time	tr	-	-	20	ns
E fall time	tf	-	-	20	ns
Address set-up time	tas	13	-	-	ns
Address hold time	tah	25	-	-	ns
Data set-up time	tdsw	50	-	-	ns
Data delay time	tddr	-	-	125	ns
Data hold time	th	25	-	-	ns



**Host Write Timing Diagram** 



# 4. Function Specifications

# 4.1 Resetting the LCD module

The LCD module will be initialized, reset, after the power on. It is suggested to check the Busy Flag to ensure the reset procedure finish.

The initialized status is as follow:

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Functions	Initialized	Status
ENTER MODE SET	I/D=1	cursor move to right
	S=0	DDRAM address counter (AC) plus 1
DISPLAY STATUS	D=0	display = OFF
	C=0	cursor = OFF
	B=0	cursor position blink = OFF
FUNCTION SET	DL=1	8bit Interface
	RE=0	Basic Instruction Set
SCROLL OR RAM ADDR. SELECT	SR=0	CGRAM address access is enabled
REVERSE	R1=0, R0=0	First line normal
EXTENDED FUNCTION SET	G=0	Graphic Display OFF

### 4.2 The Parallel interface

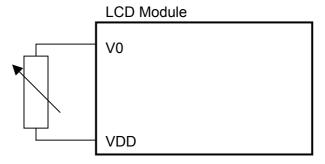
The parallel interface, 8-bit or 4-bit bus interface, could be selected by FUNCTION SET instruction DL bit.

In 4-bit bus interface, every 8-bit instruction/data is separated into two parts. First, transfer the higher 4-bit (D7~D4). Then transfer the lower 4-bit (D3~D0). They are transferred via DB7~DB4 terminals, where DB3~DB0 are not in used (leave open or pull high).

# 4.3 Adjusting the LCD display contrast

A Variable-Resistor may be connected to the LCD module for providing LCD Driving Voltage, V0. Adjusting the VR will result the change of LCD display contrast.

The recommended value of VR is 5k Ohm.





#### 4.4 **Display Memory Map**

There are three main memory-areas in the LCD module for display.

- Character Generator RAM (CGRAM)
- Graphic Display RAM (GDRAM)
- Display Data RAM (DDRAM)

# 4.4.1 Character Generator RAM (CGRAM)

Character Generator RAM is for storing the User-defined Characters (a 16x16 dots font). There are only two characters could be defined.

The User-defined Character Codes are 0000h and 0002h. They could be called into DDRAM as normal character.

User-defined	CGRAM	CGRAM data
Character Code	Address	D15 ~ D8 D7 ~ D0
	00h 01h	
0000h	:	16 x 16 dot font
	0Eh 0Fh	
	10h 11h	
0002h	: : :	16 x 16 dot font
	: 1Eh 1Fh	

**CGRAM Address Map** 

## 4.4.2 Graphics Display RAM (GDRAM)

GDRAM is for full graphics display. It could be displayed when G=1 (set by EXTENDED FUNCTION SET in Extended Instruction Set)

		Horizontal Address (X)									
		00h	01h	~	08h	09h					
		D15 ~ D0	D15 ~ D0	~	D15 ~ D0	D15 ~ D0					
	00h										
ddress (	01h										
dre	•										
A €	:		16	0x32 pix	els						
<u>ख</u> _	:			•							
;;	:										
Vertical (	1Eh										
	1Fh										

**GDRAM Address Map** 

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<sup>\*1.</sup> The mapping is based on Vertical Scroll Displacement Address=0.
\*2. Another 160x32 Graphics Display RAM space is not showed. They could be displayed by adjusting the Vertical Scroll Displacement Address value.



# 4.4.3 Display Data RAM (DDRAM)

GB Character Code (16bit, A1A0h~F7FFh) could write into DDRAM for displaying the Simplified Chinese Character (16x16 dots font). User Characters (16bit, 0000h or 0002h) defined by user that stored in CGRAM could also be used. The display character should be on grid only.

		DDRAM Address (Lower 4bit)											
	00h 01h		02	02h ~		07h		08h	09h				
		Н	L	Ι	L	Н	L	~	Ι	L	H L	Н	L
DRAM Idress per 4bit)	80h	10 x 2 Characters											
DDF Addl (Uppe	90h						(16	x16 dots fo	nt)				

DDRAM Address Map with 16x16 dots font

### Note:

- \*1. The mapping is based on Vertical Scroll Displacement Address=0.
- \*2. Another 10x2(Characters) Display Data RAM space is not showed. They could be displayed by adjusting the Vertical Scroll Displacement Address value.

Standard ASCII code (8bit, 00h~7Fh) could write into DDRAM for displaying the half-width Character (8x16 dots font). The display character should be on grid only, and two characters should be written in each write operation.

			DDRAM Address (Lower 4bit)													
	00h		01h		02h		~	07h		08h		09h				
		Η	L	Η	L	Н	L	~	Η	L	Н	L	Н	L		
RAM ress r 4bit)	80h	20 x 2 Characters											L			
DDF Addl (Uppe	90h															

# DDRAM Address Map with 8x16 dots font

### Note:

- \*1. The mapping is based on Vertical Scroll Displacement Address=0.
- \*2. Another 20x2(Characters) Display Data RAM space is not showed. They could be displayed by adjusting the Vertical Scroll Displacement Address value.

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# 4.5 Display Control Instructions

# 4.5.1 Basic Instruction Set

RE=0, basic instruction set

	Code										RE-0, basic instruction set
Instructions	RS	Z/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function
CLEAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Fill DDRAM with "20h", and set DDRAM address counter (AC) to "00h"
HOME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Х	Set DDRAM address counter (AC) to "00h" and put cursor to origin. DDRAM content no changed.
ENTRY MODE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	I/D	S	Set cursor position and display shift when doing write or read operation I/D=1, cursor move right AC increased by 1 I/D=0, cursor move left, AC decreased by 1 S=1, toggle the shift of the entire display (based on I/D defined direction)
DISPLAY ON/OFF	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	С	В	D=1, display ON D=0, display OFF C=1, cursor ON C=0, cursor OFF B=1, blink ON B=0, blink OFF
CURSOR DISPLAY CONTROL	0	0	0	0	0	1	S/C	R/L	х	х	Cursor position and display shift control. DDRAM content no changed.
FUNCTION SET	0	0	0	0	1	DL	Х	RE	х	Х	DL=1, 8bit interface DL=0, 4bit interface RE=1, extended instruction RE=0; basic instruction
SET CGRAM ADDR	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set CGRAM address to address counter (AC)
SET DDRAM ADDR	0	0	AC7	AC6	AC5	AC4	АС3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set DDRAM address to address counter (AC), where AC7 =1, AC6=0
READ BF & ADDR	0	1	BF	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Read busy flag (BF) for completion of the internal operation, also read out the value of AC
WRITE RAM	1	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Write data to internal RAM (DDRAM, CGRAM,GDRAM) For 16bit data, write two byte consecutively, high byte first, then low byte
READ RAM	1	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Read data from internal RAM (DDRAM, CGRAM,GDRAM)

### Note:

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<sup>\*1.</sup> For the details of the Display Control Instructions, please refer to Sitronix ST7920 series datasheet.

<sup>\*2.</sup> RE is the selection byte of basic and extended instruction set. Each time altering the value of RE, it will remain. Thus, it is not necessary to set RE every time when using the same group of instruction set



# 4.5.2 Extended Instruction Set

RE=1, extended instruction set

	Code										·
Instructions	RS	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Function
SCROLL or RAM ADDR SELECT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	SR	SR=1, enable vertical scroll position SR=0, enable CGRAM address (basic instruction)
REVERSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	R1	R0	Toggle 1 out of 4 line (in DDRAM) of the display to be reversed (initial value is R1 ,R0 = 0, 0
EXTENDED FUNCTION SET	0	0	0	0	1	DL	x	RE	G	0	DL=1, 8bit interface DL=0, 4bit interface RE=1, extended instruction RE=0; basic instruction G=1, graphics display ON G=0, graphics display OFF
SET SCROLL ADDR	0	0	0	1	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set the address of vertical scroll Make sure extended instruction SR=1, enable vertical scroll position.
SET	0	0	1	AC6	AC5	AC4	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	Set the GDRAM address to address counter (AC) Dual byte command should write consecutively
GRAPHICS RAM ADDR	0	0	1	0	0	0	AC3	AC2	AC1	AC0	First byte set the Vertical address AC6~ACO

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Note:
\*1. For the details of the Display Control Instructions, please refer to Sitronix ST7920 series datasheet.

<sup>\*2.</sup> RE is the selection byte of basic and extended instruction set. Each time altering the value of RE, it will remain. Thus, it is not necessary to set RE every time when using the same group of instruction set

# 5. Design and Handling Precaution

- 1. The LCD panel is made by glass. Any mechanical shock (eg. dropping form high place) will damage the LCD module.
- 2. Do not add excessive force on the surface of the display, which may cause the Display color change abnormally.
- 3. The polarizer on the LCD is easily get scratched. If possible, do not remove the LCD protective film until the last step of installation.
- 4. Never attempt to disassemble or rework the LCD module.
- 5. Only Clean the LCD with Isopropyl Alcohol or Ethyl Alcohol. Other solvents (eg. water) may damage the LCD.
- 6. When mounting the LCD module, make sure that it is free form twisting, warping and distortion.
- 7. Ensure to provide enough space (with cushion) between case and LCD panel to prevent external force adding on it, or it may cause damage to the LCD or degrade the display result.
- 8. Only hold the LCD module by its side. Never hold LCD module by add force on the heat seal or TAB.
- 9. Never add force to component of the LCD module. It may cause invisible damage or degrade of the reliability.
- 10. LCD module could be easily damaged by static electricity. Be careful to maintain an optimum anti-static work environment to protect the LCD module.
- 11. When peeling off the protective film from LCD, static charge may cause abnormal display pattern. It is normal and will resume to normal in a short while.
- 12. Take care and prevent get hurt by the LCD panel sharp edge.
- 13. Never operate the LCD module exceed the absolute maximum ratings.
- 14. Keep the signal line as short as possible to prevent noisy signal applying to LCD module.
- 15. Never apply signal to the LCD module without power supply.
- 16. IC chip (eg. TAB or COG) is sensitive to the light. Strong lighting environment could possibly cause malfunction. Light sealing structure casing is recommend.
- 17. LCD module reliability may be reduced by temperature shock.
- 18. When storing the LCD module, avoid exposure to the direct sunlight, high humidity, high temperature or low temperature. They may damage or degrade the LCD module

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